



TUESDAY EVENING, MAR. 1, 1904.

From Washington.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

Washington, Mar. 1.

Postmaster General Payne announced yesterday that because of the condition of his health it would be impossible for him to accept the chairmanship of the national republican committee if it were offered him by the President.

Mr. Daniel has introduced a bill in the Senate for the relief of the legal representatives of Joseph H. Maddox, deceased. This is an old claim and was once passed by Congress, but was vetoed by President Cleveland.

Merritt O. Chance, late private secretary to Secretary Root, has been selected for the position of chief of the division of supplies in the Postoffice Department.

Mr. Chance was formerly private secretary to the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General. He was transferred to the War Department in 1901 and served as private secretary to the Secretary of War until Mr. Root's resignation.

Because of the absence of A. S. Worthington, principal counsel for the defense, and of the non-arrival of the witnesses summoned from Utah, the Smoot investigation, which was to have begun this morning before the Senate committee on privileges and elections, was postponed until tomorrow morning. Former Secretary of the Treasury John F. Carlisle and ex-Congressman Robert W. Taylor, of Ohio, were present this morning to represent the protesters, while Waldemar Van Cott, of Salt Lake City, was the only representative of Senator Smoot on hand.

Rendered confident by the verdict of guilty in the Machen-Groff-Lorenz conspiracy case, District Attorney Morgan H. Beach purposes to push diligently the other postoffice fraud indictments now pending in his office. Before the other postoffice cases, however, are taken up, the trial of James M. A. Watson, charged with embezzling \$73,000 from the District of Columbia, will be disposed of. Mr. Beach denies that the recently tried indictment was the strongest of the fourteen against Machen, but says it was first tried because of its importance. Samuel A. Groff's motion for a new trial will be argued tomorrow.

Much of the time of the Cabinet meeting this morning was spent discussing Panama canal affairs. Among other things it was decided not to send troops to the isthmus and to depend altogether on the marines for guard duty there, for the present at least. Accordingly, after the meeting, Secretary of War Taft announced that he would immediately withdraw the orders issued last week for the Third Infantry to prepare to go to Colon.

Undismayed by the recent failure of his air ship to do more than turn a flip flop from the launching platform into the waters of the Potomac, Prof. Langley, is said to be pushing repairs to the "buzzard" in a secret workshop. Apparently Mr. Langley is confident of funds, although he refuses to talk on the financial prospects of his work.

Oscar J. Ricketts, foreman of printing in the Government Printing Office, was heard by the House committee on reform in the civil service today. He said that from fifty to sixty per cent. of the printers are competent to work machines. If machines were installed, it was his opinion that the force could be reduced thirty per cent. There are 4,286 employees in the office under the classified service. The old and disabled employees, he said, are taken care of by being made watchmen.

In order to allow Major Thomas W. Symons, corps of engineers U. S. A., now serving as superintendent of public buildings and grounds, to accept the appointment by the governor of New York to serve on the advisory board in connection with the improvement and enlarging of the navigable canals of New York State, Mr. Alexander today introduced a resolution in the House empowering the Secretary of War to grant the necessary permission.

Secretary Shaw has not yet determined when he will call upon the government depository banks for the \$85,000,000 needed to help pay for the Panama canal property. The litigation in the French courts may delay the payment for weeks or months if the administration decides to pay any attention to the injunction proceedings. The President and his advisors may decide, however, to ignore the foreign court proceedings altogether, in which event the money will be paid shortly to the accredited representatives of the canal company and they can dispose of it as they see fit or as the French courts will let them.

Senator Gallinger introduced a bill in the Senate today providing that on and after March 4, 1905, the following annual salaries be paid: President, \$75,000; Vice President, and members of the Cabinet, \$15,000; Speaker of the House, \$12,000; and Senators, Representatives and Delegates, \$8,000.

The House committee on interstate and foreign commerce today authorized a favorable report on the resolution introduced by Mr. Martin, of South Dakota, requesting the Secretary of Commerce and Labor to investigate the causes of the low prices of beef cattle in the United States since July 1, 1903, and the unusually large margins between the prices of beef cattle and the selling prices of fresh beef and whether the said conditions have resulted in whole or in part from any contract, combination, in the form of trust, or otherwise, or conspiracy, in restraint of commerce.

While ex-Senator John G. Carlisle is here in attendance upon the Smoot inquiry, the committee of which he is a member appointed to consider the proposed reorganization of the National Red Cross Association will hold a meeting. Mr. Carlisle said today that he thought the first thing to be done would be the appointment of an expert to examine all the accounts of the Red Cross during the administration of Miss Clara Barton.

Mr. Cowherd introduced a resolution in the House today calling for an investigation by Congress of the administration of the Postoffice Department.

Postmaster General Payne has made a report, which is guarded with great secrecy, to the House committee on postoffices, mentioning the names of many members of both branches of Congress in connection with postal scandals.

Three robbers followed Patrick Burke, a coal dealer, in Chicago, from a restaurant to his office last night, attacked him and after a terrific struggle, in which a stove was overturned, setting fire to the place, left him bound, gagged and unconscious, with a fractured skull. They escaped with \$100.

Sarah Cooper died today at Mechanicsburg, east of Carlisle, Pa., aged 106. She was the oldest person in that section of the State.

News of the Day.

The incorporators of the Federal Savings Bank, of Baltimore, have decided to merge with the Hopkins Place Savings Bank, of that city.

Father Anton Josef Legrand, once Episcopal bishop of Rome, died in Wichita, Kan., yesterday, aged 77 years. He was chaplain of St. Francis Hospital.

Mrs. Ada Crutchfield, a southern woman, who was the wife of a New York banker, became dizzy and fell from an eighth-story window in New York, yesterday, being killed instantly.

The Mayor, Board of Estimates and Board of Public Improvements, of Baltimore, met again and decided to retain the original proposition in favor of a \$6,000,000 loan to improve the water front from Bowly's wharf to Union dock.

The fight for the world's feather-weight championship between "Young Corbett," of Denver, and Dave Sullivan, of Boston, was won, at San Francisco, last night, by Corbett in the eleventh round of what was to have been a twenty-round fight.

Under heavy liquidation by the Armour interests wheat for May delivery yesterday in Chicago dropped 34 cents and sold at \$1 a bushel. The July option declined 21 cents, selling down to 93 cents. The extreme weakness in wheat resulted in declines in all other pits.

Howard T. Cook, a wealthy retired contractor, committed suicide at the side of his wife's grave, in Cave Hill Cemetery, of Louisville, on Sunday by shooting himself through the head. Mr. Cook was 77 years old. His wife died a year ago, and since then he has visited the grave each Sunday, no matter what the weather.

Mrs. Horace G. Allis, formerly a prominent society leader in Little Rock, Ark., committed suicide yesterday at the County Hospital by hanging herself with strips of bedclothes. Her husband at one time was president of the National Bank of that city, and was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary for wrecking that institution. The disgrace attending her husband's downfall sent Mrs. Allis into seclusion.

Virginia News.

Walter H. Doyle, president of the Citizens' Bank of Norfolk, died yesterday aged 60 years. Mr. Doyle had been connected with the bank for twenty or thirty years.

A Bluefield, W. Va., special says it is reported from Linton, O., that within the next two months the Chesapeake and Ohio Road will acquire by purchase the entire system of the Detroit Southern Company.

Edward A. McMahon, 53 years old, United States gauger at Brookland, died at Lynchburg on Saturday while under surgical treatment at a hospital. He was a native of Staunton, and leaves a widow and two sons.

A committee of citizens from Fredericksburg yesterday accepted the model of a statue of Gen. Mercer of revolutionary war fame, made by sculptor Valentine, of Richmond. The statue is to be put up in Fredericksburg, and is to cost \$25,000.

The State board of health has forwarded to the legislature a report recommending the passage of a bill authorizing the governor to appoint a committee to consider the establishment of a sanitarium for consumptives, and to report to the next legislature. It is stated that there are 12,000 cases in the State.

Almost destitute of clothes, six members of the crew of the wrecked schooner David P. Davis, of Bath, Me., which were wrecked off Hatteras during a gale by Diamond Shoals lightship No. 72, arrived at Norfolk late yesterday evening. Off Hatteras last Friday night shortly before midnight, the Davis was run down and dismantled by an unknown schooner.

Revolt in Africa.

The native troops in the Cross and Nassanang rivers region of German Kamerun, Equatorial West Africa, have revolted. Dispatches reached the Colonial Office in Berlin yesterday saying that several factories of the Northwest Kamerun Company have been burned and that four Germans were killed. All the German African colonies are in a ferment over the statements spread by Hereros runners that the Germans are being driven into the sea.

Colonel Leutwein, governor of German South Africa, telegraphed from Swakopmund Sunday that Major Estor's column on February 25 had a severe 10-hour fight with the Hereros near Otjinakara. The Hereros held their position against which artillery was not available. Towards the evening Frank's company broke through the enemy's formation and the natives retired. Their strength and the number of their losses are not known. One German officer was killed and four officers, among them Baron Schoenau Wehr, and four men were wounded.

CONGRESSIONAL.

The architectural changes made in the White House were the subject of a large share of yesterday's discussion in the Senate, and they were generally criticized as falling far short of the improvements which should have been secured with the \$500,000 appropriated for the purpose. The discussion arose in connection with the consideration of a bill providing for the erection of a building for the joint use of the Departments of State, Justice, and Commerce and Labor. That bill was the special order of the day, and its consideration was not concluded.

Damage by Flood.

Toledo, O., March 1.—Flood conditions on the Maumee are again critical. The heavy gorge at Waterville went out this morning, carrying away the bridge. The ice and water then piled up against the bridge connecting Maumee and Perryburg, which seems doomed to go out. The village of Waterville is submerged with water flowing from the river on one side and the Miami and Erie canal on the other. Serious conditions are reported in other places.

New York Stock Market.

New York, March 1.—The dullness during the first hour was pronounced. There was no definite tendency. Trading was restricted by uncertainty regarding probable developments at today's soft coal conference. Shortly before 11 o'clock the market broadened and took on a moderate degree of activity and strength, prices advancing fractionally, for most issues.

Virginia Legislature.

SENATE.

The Senate yesterday passed the bill prohibiting railroad companies from carrying picnic parties to places not having police protection, summer resorts excepted.

The bill offering a premium for the scalp of a crow was defeated.

Special consideration will be given today to the bill to prohibit non-residents from becoming stockholders in companies organized to catch fish and oysters.

The House bill to amend the code in relation to providing for a bureau of labor and industrial statistics was defeated.

The House bill to amend section 834 of the code, and providing for a bounty on scalps of crows was passed by indefinitely.

These Senate bills were passed:

To amend section 603 of the code in relation to the collection of taxes.

To amend section 3122 of the code in relation to opening and adjourning a court, or for its sitting—where it fails to meet on the day appointed or to which it adjourned.

HOUSE.

As stated in the Gazette the House passed the three amendments to the liquor laws engrossed Saturday, providing, respectively, for a repeal of the jail sentence for Sunday liquor selling, allowing saloonkeepers accused of selling to students or minors the right to plead ignorance of the status of their customers, and allowing a rebate on license and ninety days to settle their business to those liquor men in districts where local option has been put in effect or a State dispensary established.

A favorable report was presented to the House on the bill to appropriate \$250,000 for a renovation and enlargement of the State Capitol building. The passage of the bill is certain.

The Torrens' system of land registration was again the chief matter of debate in the House, the majority of the speeches being against it. A vote will be taken today and its defeat is practically assured.

The attendance in both bodies was very small and final action was not attempted on any matters of great importance.

A bill of interest to Confederate soldiers was offered by Mr. Gunn, of Norfolk.

It reads as follows:

"Be it enacted, etc., That any citizen who served in the late war between the States, 66 years of age or over, shall be exempt from any capitation taxes, and all delinquent capitation taxes are hereby remitted." The title of the bill refers to ex-Confederate soldiers "as the beneficiaries under the act," but the act itself, quoted above, would apparently let in any soldier on either side in the great conflict.

Horse Show Dates.

The annual meeting of the Virginia Horse Show Association was held yesterday afternoon at the New Willard, in Washington. Dates for shows throughout the State were decided upon. A wrangle resulted over the Norfolk date question, and a committee was appointed to investigate the matter and report at the next meeting, as to which organization, the Norfolk Horse Show Association or the Norfolk Horse and Fair Association, should be given the Norfolk date.

Charles Mulliken, of Boyce, president of the association, presided, and Mr. J. J. Davies, of Manassas, acted as secretary. Both of these, the only officers, were re-elected. The Fredericksburg and Staunton horse shows were admitted to membership. A committee was appointed to draft rules and regulations for the management of the association.

The selection of dates were finally adjusted, as follows: Leesburg, June 8-9; Fredericksburg, June 22-23; Culpeper, July 4-5; Manassas, July 20-24; Orange, July 27-28; Charlottesville, August 3-4; Staunton, August 9-9; Front Royal, August 11-12; Harrisonburg, August 16-17; Berryville, August 18-19; Warrenton, August 24-25; Lynchburg, October 11-14; Richmond, October 17-22; Norfolk, October 25-28; Cameron Run (Alexandria), not decided.

The British Navy.

In introducing the naval estimates in the House of Commons yesterday Ernest G. Pretyman, Secretary of the Admiralty, justified the increase in the estimates on the ground that the two-power standard must be maintained. The Russian battleship programme, as well as the programme of the other friendly naval powers had been taken into consideration in framing the estimates. Secretary Pretyman, referring to the great improvement in shooting in the British navy, instanced the British armored cruiser Leviathan, which, steaming at twelve knots, fired ten rounds from her 9-2-inch guns in two minutes, and hit a fourteen by twenty-foot target ten times at a range of two thousand yards. In discussing further the two-power standard, the Secretary said that Russia and France together had built or were building sixty-four first and second class battleships, and France and Germany combined were building or had built sixty-one battleships, while the British total was sixty-three battleships. So Great Britain was close up to the two powers standard.

Official.

AN ORDINANCE increasing the salaries of the Officers and Privates of the Police Force.

Section 1. Be it ordained by the City Council of Alexandria that the salary of the Chief of Police shall be seven hundred and eighty dollars (\$780.00) per annum.

Section 2. That the salary of the Lieutenant of Police shall be seven hundred and twenty dollars (\$720.00) per annum.

Section 3. That the salary of each private shall be six hundred dollars (\$600.00) per annum.

Section 4. That the salaries of the Chief of Police, the Lieutenant of Police, and each private shall be in lieu of all other compensation to the said officers and privates of the police force for any service rendered in the notification, or arrest and trial of persons in the police court, whether tried under State laws or the ordinances of the City of Alexandria.

Section 5. That this act shall be in force from January 1, 1904.

Passed the Common Council Feb. 23, 1904.

L. E. UHLER, President, pro tem.

Passed the Board of Aldermen, Feb. 23, 1904.

J. T. SWEENEY, President.

Approved Feb. 23, 1904.

GEO. L. SIMPSON, Mayor.

Teste: DANIEL B. STANBURY, Clerk C. C.

It Saved His Leg.

P. A. Danforth of LaGrange, Ga., suffered for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg; but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve, wholly cured it in five days. For Ulcers, Wounds, Piles, it's the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cts. Sold by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons, druggists.

Today's Telegraphic News.

THE WAR IN THE FAR EAST.

St. Petersburg, via Emden, Prussia, March 1.—A dispatch has been received here that the Japanese attacked Port Arthur today and were repulsed with heavy losses.

St. Petersburg, March 1.—Word was received today that the Japanese have occupied the Korean town of Yichio-Yang, north of Ping-Yang. They are fortifying the walls of the town. A Russian detachment was reported in the neighborhood of the town yesterday and it was expected they would occupy the place.

St. Petersburg, March 1.—Advices from Port Arthur this morning state that the Manchurian railroad has suffered considerably by the continued acts of marauders. Twenty-two locomotives and a number of cars have been disabled.

Tien Tsin, China, March 1.—According to information received here today, there are at present twenty-five thousand Russian troops concentrated on the banks of the Yalu river, while ten regiments of mounted infantry and some artillery hold the mountain passes thirty-five miles south of Wiju, in Korea.

London, March 1.—Diplomatic circles here are awaiting with interest news from Port Arthur and the result of the attack that will be made today or tomorrow. The fact that the three cruisers, the Novik, the Askold and the Bayan have been standing the brunt of the intermittent Japanese sea attacks for the past few days means one of two things—either the three vessels mentioned were the only ones left in fighting condition, or else the attempt on the part of the Japanese to block the entrance to the harbor on Feb. 24th, was successful to the degree that no larger vessels than the three cruisers can come out and fight. It may be, if a report received by the Daily Telegraph this morning is true, that the Russians have not even these three vessels to oppose the Japanese which would simplify the attack on the port for the Japanese to an appreciable degree. This report to the Telegraph, which comes from Yin Kow, says that in an attack on the harbor yesterday by fifteen Japanese warships the Bayan, Askold and Novik were all badly damaged and the battleship Retzian which is stranded on the left side of the entrance, was further damaged.

The Russian land position, if reports are to be credited, is serious. The most lucid description of this side of the Russian plight is given in a dispatch to the Times from its Paris correspondent this morning. The correspondent quotes a merchant having business with Port Arthur stating that should the Russian communications back of the forts be cut off Port Arthur would not have sufficient provisions or ammunition to last for a fortnight. The merchant adds that this lack is due to the spoiling of Russian plans by the Japanese occupation of the Yellow Sea waterways about Port Arthur. The Russian officials expected to transport considerable of their munitions of war by water, owing to the congested state of the railways. That the Russians appreciate this critical state of affairs is attested by the order issued by General Stoessel and quoted in these dispatches yesterday, in which the commandant stated that there was no way of escaping except through fighting to the death.

Maine Once Home of a Giant Race.

Augusta, Me., March 1.—Captain Newton H. Chittenden, the explorer and lecturer, has proved the theory that he has held for some time that the neighborhood of Berkeley, Me., was formerly the home of giants, by finding the bones of one of the species. Captain Chittenden refuses to reveal the burial ground of this prehistoric man, but admits that it is somewhere in one of the old Indian mounds of West Berkeley.

The bones found by Captain Chittenden make almost a complete skeleton, the missing parts being a number of the vertebrae. The thigh bones are large, and, measured by present day standards, indicate that the owner of them must have been a man at least eight feet high. Half the skull is gone, but the half that remains shows that the head must have contained about twice as many brains as that of the modern man. This skull is like one found several years ago in West Berkeley when excavations were being made for the foundation of a building.

"I have no doubt," said Captain Chittenden, "that ages ago giants roamed around this country. This man was no monstrosity, such as we occasionally have nowadays, but a perfectly formed man and possessed of great intellectual powers. I intend to continue my investigations in the hope of finding more of the bones of our ancestors."

Captain Chittenden will present the skeleton to the Berkeley High School.

Fight With Mountain Lion.

Mount Sterling, Ky., March 1.—While A. C. Marklein and a man named McCarty, New York oil men, were riding along the Bushy Creek creek they were attacked by a huge mountain lion. The beast sprang on the horse ridden by Marklein, and bore him to the ground. Marklein's leg was caught under the horse. McCarty drew his revolver and fired, the bullet striking the lion, stunning him. The lion fell from the horse onto Marklein's body and buried its teeth in his breast, and shoulders, tearing the flesh. McCarty continued to shoot the animal and after emptying his gun secured a club and began to beat the brute, which was weakened from loss of blood. Marklein is fatally injured, while McCarty's clothing was torn to shreds and his body scratched.

After the Jews Again.

Berlin, March 1.—Dispatches from Russia today state that the Russian press is stimulating anti-Semitism among the people. They are accusing the Jews of purchasing large numbers of horses in Russia, nominally for England, but indirectly for Japan. The anti-Semites are exploiting the story to excite feelings against the Jews. Widespread Jew baiting and onslaughts are expected.

Wakeful Children.

For a long time the two year old child of Mr. P. L. McPherson, 59 N. Tenth street, Harrisburg, Pa., would sleep but two or three hours in the early part of the night, which made it very hard for her parents. Her mother concluded that the child had stomach trouble, and gave her half of one of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, which quieted her stomach and she slept the whole night through. Two boxes of these Tablets have effected a permanent cure and she is now well and strong. For sale by Richard Gibson.

From Richmond.

(Special Dispatch to the Alexandria Gazette.)

Richmond, March 1.—A bill was offered in the House today relieving building and loan associations from the franchise tax.

The rolling stock taxation bill was killed in committee.

Mr. Ryan received a petition from Middleburg constituents asking the passage of the whipping post bill.

Mr. Duke offered a bill requiring telephone lines to make physical connection with each other.

A bill was offered to provide artificial limbs for disabled ex-Confederate soldiers.

The Torrens bill was beaten in the House.

Hearing was fixed by the Senate finance committee for tomorrow morning on the resolution relating to the Mount Vernon Avenue Association claim.

Typhoid Fever.

Philadelphia, March 1.—Well-grounded fears that an epidemic of typhoid fever threatens the city, especially West Philadelphia, were created yesterday by reports made to the Bureau of Health, which showed that for the preceding twenty-four hours sixty new cases of the of the malady had developed. West Philadelphia supplied the majority of the cases, owing to the fact that the water is procured by pumping direct from the Schuylkill. Germs of the disease have become more than ordinarily numerous of late owing to the quantities of surface filth into the stream, from whence the germs flow into the water mains. This is also true of the other sources of the city's water supply.

FOREIGN NEWS.

A dispatch from Rome says that several prominent cardinals have undertaken the task of overcoming the difficulties in the way of the creation of Archbishop Farley, of New York, as cardinal. These supporters of the archbishop are strongly aided by the conservative elements in the sacred college representing the various religious orders.

Prince Ferdinand, of Bulgaria, is quoted as having intimated in private conversation that Bulgaria should be the ally of Russia. "Bulgaria" he is quoted as saying, "is giving too much help to the Macedonians. We should do more to render material assistance to Russia who is wounded by the present war, for we must remember that Russia is our liberator."

Fifty-Eighth Congress.

Washington, D. C., Mar. 1.

SENATE.

The bill providing for the carrying of government supplies in American vessels was taken up early in the Senate today under a previous agreement that a vote should be reached before adjournment. Two full days have already been devoted to the debate, the minority side of the chamber opposing the measure on the ground that it is a subsidy.

Mr. Teller declared that Secretary of War Taft, while civil governor of the Philippines, and in his present capacity, had expressed his decided disapprobation to the measure.

Mr. Hale interrupted to report from the committee the naval appropriation bill, and announced that he would call it up tomorrow. He said the bill carried a total of about \$97,000,000, an increase of a million dollars over the House bill, which was declared was accepted by the Senate in the main.

The Senate insisted upon its amendments to the agricultural appropriation bill and conferees were appointed.

Continuing his remarks Mr. Teller contended that what was needed was the securing of more freight and not more ships.

HOUSE.

The agricultural appropriation bill was sent to conference.

In committee of the whole, consideration of the District of Columbia appropriation bill was resumed.

Mr. Sheppard, speaking on the tariff question, said that the Dingley bill was the most despotic tariff measure ever enacted into law.

Mr. Sheppard denounced the republican protection policy as a fallacy. The republicans claim credit for everything, he said, "the first thing we know," he continued, "our friends on the other side will be moving to amend the first paragraph of the first chapter of Genesis by striking out the word 'God' and inserting, in lieu thereof, the words 'republican party,' so as to make it read 'In the beginning the republican party created the heaven and earth.' The republican party, he declared, will never make an honest reduction in the tariff. The only revision in the tariff since 1857, he said, was accomplished by the Wilson tariff bill.

More Riots.

Disturbances of strikers are not nearly as grave as an individual disorder of the system. Overwork, loss of sleep, nervous tension will be followed by utter collapse, unless a reliable remedy is immediately employed. There's nothing so efficient to cure disorders of the Liver or Kidneys as Electric Bitters. It's a wonderful tonic, and effective nerve and the greatest all around medicine for run down systems. It dispels Nervousness, Rheumatism and Neuralgia and expels Malaria from the system. Only 50c, and satisfaction guaranteed by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons, druggists.

DIED.

At the residence of her sister, Mrs. T. F. Currier, 1806 Duke street, at 12:20 a. m. March 1, 1904, Mrs. LULA BYERS, wife of Capt. W. D. Byers and daughter of T. O. Mahoney, No. 1 Limestone county, aged 34 years. Her remains were taken to Gordonsville and interred in Maplewood cemetery.—(Richmond, Charlottesville and Lynchburg papers please copy.)

At his residence, No. 1305 King street, on February 29, at 1:30 p. m., W. F. LEFF, funeral at his late residence tomorrow (Wed. nesday) evening at 3 o'clock. Relatives and friends invited to attend.

HUYLER'S COCOA BUTTER, 10c pack- ages. For sale by E. S. LEADBEATER & SONS.

Extra choicest MOYUM GUNPOWDER TEA just received by J. C. MILBURN.

SWEET ORANGES 20c, 24 and 30c. Extra Large 35c dozen. J. C. MILBURN.

FINE CLUSTER RAISINS in carton and SULTANA SEEDLESS RAISINS just received by J. C. MILBURN.

Twelve mats very fine OLD JAVA COFFEE just received by J. C. MILBURN.

CAPE COD CRABBERIES, choice quality, just received by J. C. MILBURN.

GOOD ROASTED COFFEE, 14c; other grades up to 35c for the best. J. C. MILBURN.

FRESH SARATOGA CHIPS just received by J. C. MILBURN.

FAT MACKEREL for sale at 5c, 10c, 15c and 20c each by J. C. MILBURN.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVES.

The Ohio legislature today elected Gen. Charles Dick to the United States Senate to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Hanna.

As the result of a fall down stairs, Mrs. Pureheart Wakely, 114 years old, is dead at her home in Sharon, Minn. She was the oldest woman in Minnesota.

The Erie Flyer was wrecked in the head collision with a "pusher" two miles north of Carbondale, Pa. this morning. Seven of the crew of the flyer were injured.

President W. R. Harper of the University of Chicago, was operated on for appendicitis this morning. Dr. Harper withstood the shock very well and is resting easily.

The howling east-southeast gale which swept the New Jersey coast during the night, driving before it rain and sleet, did much damage along the seashore. The tide is the highest in years.